The Benchmarking of Training 1998 Data Collection Instrument



American Society for Training and Development Benchmarking Forum

Copyright 1998 ASTD and Members of the Benchmarking Forum

INSTRUCTIONS

Reporting Unit

Begin by reading the section labeled **Reporting Unit** and reviewing the information provided. Please provide complete responses for that reporting unit, including "unavailable" or "unknown," as appropriate. Please keep in mind that when you respond to the survey, you must remain consistent in reporting data.

Demographics

Remember that the numbers provided in this section should correspond to the same reporting unit as the data in the remainder of the survey. Note that if data is being reported for the entire organization (Category A), that the "organization that the reporting unit supports" and the "entire organization" are the same.

Data Collection Instrument

Please complete the instrument as accurately as possible according to the following guidelines:

- ð Respond to every question with data for FY 1997, the last twelve month period for which data is available.
- ð If actual numbers are not available in some cases, please respond with an informed estimate. If you provide such estimates, please indicate with an **E** next to the response.
- ð When data cannot be supplied because the training activity <u>does not exist</u> in your organization, please indicate with a **N/A** in the space provided to mean **Not Applicable** (e.g. EPSS is not utilized by the reporting unit).
- When data cannot be supplied because you are unable to provide the appropriate data, please indicate with an UNA in the space provided to mean Unavailable (e.g. you use EPSS but do not track the amount of time utilized).
- ð Use zero (0) to represent the number zero (e.g. EPSS exists but was not used at all in 1998).

Please do not leave any answers blank.

Please return the completed instrument by APRIL 23, 1998 to:

Robert G. Joyce (HR-31) U.S.DOE, 1000 Independence Ave. SW Washington, D.C. 20585 (950 Bldg/Rm 710) 202-426-1539 / FAX 426-1480 robert.joyce@hq.doe.gov

REPORTING UNIT

The **Reporting Unit** is defined as the training supplier unit for which you are providing data: i.e., EM, AL, WAPA, etc. To ensure the comparability of the data, please respond for the same organizational unit throughout the entire survey instrument. Reliable comparisons between organizations will only be possible if everyone understands the type of training unit that the data represent. If the reporting unit is a contractor, please identify as *DOE Office: Contractor Name*.

ORGANIZATION: Department of Energy
REPORTING UNIT:
ELEMENT/OFFICE/DIVISION SUPPORTED BY REPORTING UNIT:
ORGANIZATIONAL CODE: none
CONTACT:
PHONE:
FAX:
EMAIL:
Please indicate any special organizations / subunits below, if applicable :
Please indicate any special organizations / subunits below, if applicable : Organization:
Organization:
Organization: Reporting Unit:
Organization: Reporting Unit: Division/Agency Supported:
Organization: Reporting Unit: Division/Agency Supported: Contact:
Organization: Reporting Unit: Division/Agency Supported: Contact: Phone:

In general, reporting entities within member organizations are classified into three main categories: A - Comprehensive, B - Sub-unit, and C - Specialized. Organizations may complete multiple surveys for their own purposes. All DOE organizations shall submit A level data. In addition, organizations which have the ability and the desire to submit B and/or C level data, may do so. [Note: We have included the other definitions to indicate the level of detail provided by some private corporations. In future years, Centers of Excellence would fit under the definition of "specialized" units.]

Category A - "Comprehensive"

This is a reporting unit that represents virtually all internal training supplied within an organization. It may take the form of a centralized training function that provides the full range of internal training, or it may be the sum of several training functions within an organization which, when the data are combined, represents the full range of internal training provided to the entire organization.

The target population for this reporting unit is all employees of the organization who are eligible to receive training services.

Example: The training operation in Organization P is a large, centralized function that supplies all technical, professional, management and supervisor, basic skills, and executive development training throughout the entire organization, including all field sites.

Example: Organization Q maintains three major training operations, each of which supports a major product line. The Forum representative from Organization Q can obtain and aggregate complete data from all three training operations which will provide an accurate "total picture" of training in that organization.

Category B - "Sub-Unit"

This reporting unit is a training operation that provides a range of training services to a sub-unit of the entire organization. This reporting unit is typically aligned with a major division/agency or a business unit within the overall organization. This reporting unit provides a wide range of training activities tailored to the specialized needs of a strategic business unit or other division/agency.

The target population for this reporting unit is all employees within that division/agency or business unit who are eligible to receive training services.

Example: The Forum representative from Organization R works for the training operation within one of four major divisions/agencies of the organization. This representative has access to the training data from only her division/agency. This representative identifies her training unit as a Category B and reports only data within her division/agency.

Example: The Forum representative from Organization S has access to the training data from the three major divisions/agencies of her organization. When the data are aggregated across the three divisions/agencies, they do not, however, reflect virtually all internal training within Organization S (i.e., to represent an "A"). This representative chooses to submit data from all three divisions/agencies, and submits three completed data collection instruments. Each submission represents a Category B Reporting Unit.

Category C - "Specialized"

This reporting unit is a training organization that provides specialized training, such as "executive development" or "sales training" courses across the entire organization and major sub-units. While considered a "organization-wide" training operation, this reporting unit is distinct from Category A in that it is responsible for one or more specialized **curriculum** across the entire organization, which when aggregated do not represent virtually all internal training supplied within the organization.

While this training unit provides training across the entire organization, its target population is only those employees who are eligible for the specific training services provided by this training unit.

Example: The representative from Organization T works for a specialized, corporate-level training unit that supplies all internal executive training within the entire organization. There are separate training functions that provide other kinds of training (e.g., technical skills, professional, basic skills), and these other training functions are typically housed under specific business units.

DUE TO HR-31 BY APRIL 23, 1998

DEMOGRAPHICS

1.	Name of reporting unit.			
2.	Official name of ASTD Benchmarkin (Name to appear in all ASTD reports of U. S. Department of Energy			
3.	Name of the primary division(s)/agen	cy(ies) that this reporting unit supports.		
	a) Total number of full-time equivalenthis training unit. (Excludes in private sector contract of	ent employees eligible for the services of er temporary employees)	#	
	Note: Public Sector exclude cor employees	ntract employees, include temporar y		
	b) Number of full-time equivalent e (5a and 5b should be equal for Report organizations.)	<u></u>	#	
4.	What percentage of each of the follothe organization your reporting unit	owing types of business best describes t serves?		
		Manufacturing		%
		Service		%
		R&D		%
		Support Services		%
		Government		%

Please indicate the Industry Classification code for the organization listed in 1. #3 (above) using the list provided.

Agric	culture, Forestry, Fishing, Mining	09	Manufacturing computers and	Non	durable Manufacturing
01	Agricultural production		electronic office equipment	16	Food
02	Agricultural services	10	Electronic components and	17	Tobacco products
03	Forestry		accessories	18	Textile mill products
04	Fishing, hunting, and trapping	11	Information technology	19	Apparel and other fabric products
05	Mining		services/consulting	20	Paper and pulp products
	S .	12	Computer software manufacturing	21	Printing and publishing
Cons	truction		and development	22	Chemicals and plastics
06	Building construction	13	Communications equipment	23	Rubber and plastic products
07	Heavy construction other than	14	Communications services (including	24	Petroleum refining and products
٠.	building construction		telecommunications, radio, and	25	Leather and leather products
08	Special trade contractors (plumbing,		television)		
vo	electrical work, carpentry, etc.)	15	Medical instruments and supplies;		
	ciccircui work, curpentry, etc.)	10	other precision instruments;		
Tech	nology		photographic equipment		
	Durable Manufacturing (except	33	Transportation equipment	41	Transportation-related services
	electronics)	34	Miscellaneous manufacturing		
26	Lumber and wood products, except		industries	Elec	tric, Gas, and Sanitary Services
	furniture			42	Pipelines, except natural gas
27	Furniture and fixtures	Tran	sportation	43	Electric, gas, and sanitary services
28	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete	35	Railroad transportation		•
	products	36	Local and suburban transit and	Who	olesale Trade
29	Primary metal industries		highway passenger transportation	44	Wholesale trade or distribution
30	Fabricated metal products, except	37	Motor freight transportation and		durable goods
	machinery and transportation		warehousing	45	Wholesale trade or distribution
	equipment	38	Water transportation		nondurable goods
31	Industrial and commercial machinery	39	Airlines		8
32	Electrical equipment (excluding	40	Air letter/parcel services (including		
	electronics)		U.S. Postal Service)		
	Retail Trade	56	Security and commodity brokers,	67	Amusement and recreation services
46	Building materials, hardware, garden		dealers, exchanges, and services	68	Health services
	supply, and mobile home dealers	57	Insurance carriers	69	Legal services
47	General merchandise stores	58	Insurance agents, brokers, and service	70	Social services
48	Food stores	59	Real estate	71	Museums, art galleries, and botanical
49	Automotive dealers and gasoline	60	Holding and other investment offices		and zoological gardens
	service stations			72	Membership organizations
50	Apparel and accessory stores	Serv	ices	73	Engineering, accounting, research,
51	Home furniture, furnishings, and	61	Hotels and other lodging		management, and related services
	equipment stores	62	Personal services	74	Miscellaneous services
52	Eating and drinking places	63	Business services		
53	Miscellaneous retail	64	Automotive repair, services, and		ernment
			parking	75	Federal government
Fina	nce, Insurance, and Real Estate	65	Miscellaneous repair services	76	State/local government
54	Depository institutions	66	Motion pictures		
55	Nondepository credit institutions				

of (In amore bene	this reporting order for us unt for #6. W fits. If it is IM	I without benefits of the employees eligible for the services unit in FY 1997. to make certain calculations, you <u>must</u> provide a dollar We recognize that some organizations cannot separate ou to MPOSSIBLE to provide total payroll without benefits, then beluding benefits.)	\$(millions)
	s #6a include l		
O Y	es (continue to	o b) o No (continue to #7)	
Clarif	ication: The o	question is included to gather essential data for calculating traini	ing as a narrowtage of
your t organ of onl	raining unit pl ization; if a ''l ly those employ	nt you report should represent the payroll of all employees who as rovides. If you are reporting as an "A" company, this would be a B", payroll for the business unit or division/agency you support; yees who are eligible for your training. For example, if you proving, you would report the payroll of only those employees who ar	re eligible for the services the payroll for the entire if a ''C'', report the payroll ide ''Executive
your toorgan of only Development	raining unit prization; if a ''I ly those employ copment'' train	In the your eport should represent the payroll of all employees who are revides. If you are reporting as an 'A' company, this would be a B', payroll for the business unit or division/agency you support; yees who are eligible for your training. For example, if you providing, you would report the payroll of only those employees who are understand the payroll of only	re eligible for the services the payroll for the entire if a ''C'', report the payroll ide ''Executive re eligible for this training.
your toorgan of only Development	raining unit p ization; if a ''I ly those employ opment'' train If #6a include be	nt you report should represent the payroll of all employees who are rovides. If you are reporting as an 'A' company, this would be a B', payroll for the business unit or division/agency you support; yees who are eligible for your training. For example, if you providing, you would report the payroll of only those employees who are under the payroll of only those employees who are enefits, please indicate the types of compensation which a enefits, please skip) that apply: Actual wages and salaries earned by employees including	re eligible for the services the payroll for the entire if a ''C'', report the payroll ide ''Executive re eligible for this training. are included? (if #6
your toorgan of only Development	raining unit p vization; if a ''I by those employ copment'' train If #6a include be Check all t	In the your report should represent the payroll of all employees who are rovides. If you are reporting as an 'A' company, this would be a B', payroll for the business unit or division/agency you support; yees who are eligible for your training. For example, if you providing, you would report the payroll of only those employees who are under the payroll of only those employees who are under benefits, please indicate the types of compensation which a enefits, please skip)	re eligible for the services the payroll for the entire if a ''C'', report the payroll ide ''Executive re eligible for this training. are included? (if #6
your toorgan of only Development	raining unit p ization; if a ''I ly those employ opment'' train If #6a include be Check all t	In the your report should represent the payroll of all employees who are revides. If you are reporting as an 'A' company, this would be a B', payroll for the business unit or division/agency you support; yees who are eligible for your training. For example, if you providing, you would report the payroll of only those employees who are enefits, please indicate the types of compensation which a enefits, please skip) that apply: Actual wages and salaries earned by employees including pay	re eligible for the services the payroll for the entire if a ''C'', report the payroll ide ''Executive re eligible for this training. are included? (if #6
your toorgan of only Development	raining unit prization; if a ''l' by those employ opment'' train If #6a include be Check all to	ant you report should represent the payroll of all employees who are rovides. If you are reporting as an ''A'' company, this would be a B'', payroll for the business unit or division/agency you support; yees who are eligible for your training. For example, if you providing, you would report the payroll of only those employees who are enefits, please indicate the types of compensation which a enefits, please skip) that apply: Actual wages and salaries earned by employees including pay Sales commissions Bonuses or profit sharing Stock options	re eligible for the services the payroll for the entire if a ''C'', report the payroll ide ''Executive re eligible for this training. are included? (if #6
your toorgan of only Development	raining unit prization; if a ''l' by those employ opment'' train If #6a inch not include be Check all to 0 0	and you report should represent the payroll of all employees who are revides. If you are reporting as an ''A'' company, this would be a B'', payroll for the business unit or division/agency you support; yees who are eligible for your training. For example, if you providing, you would report the payroll of only those employees who are enefits, please indicate the types of compensation which a enefits, please skip) that apply: Actual wages and salaries earned by employees including pay Sales commissions Bonuses or profit sharing Stock options Holidays and sick leave	re eligible for the services the payroll for the entire if a ''C'', report the payroll ide ''Executive re eligible for this training. are included? (if #6
your toorgan of only Development	raining unit prization; if a ''I by those employ opment'' train If #6a inch not include be Check all to 0 0 0 0	nt you report should represent the payroll of all employees who are rovides. If you are reporting as an ''A'' company, this would be a B'', payroll for the business unit or division/agency you support; yees who are eligible for your training. For example, if you providing, you would report the payroll of only those employees who are enefits, please indicate the types of compensation which a enefits, please skip) that apply: Actual wages and salaries earned by employees including pay Sales commissions Bonuses or profit sharing Stock options Holidays and sick leave Cost of health benefits	re eligible for the services the payroll for the entire if a ''C'', report the payroll ide ''Executive re eligible for this training. are included? (if #6
your toorgan of only Development	raining unit prization; if a "I ly those employ opment" train If #6a include be Check all to 0 0 0 0 0	and you report should represent the payroll of all employees who are revides. If you are reporting as an ''A'' company, this would be a B'', payroll for the business unit or division/agency you support; yees who are eligible for your training. For example, if you providing, you would report the payroll of only those employees who are enefits, please indicate the types of compensation which a enefits, please skip) that apply: Actual wages and salaries earned by employees including pay Sales commissions Bonuses or profit sharing Stock options Holidays and sick leave	re eligible for the services the payroll for the entire if a ''C'', report the payroll ide ''Executive re eligible for this training. are included? (if #6

7.	Number of employees eligible for the services of this Reporting Unit that are	#
	salaried or exempt from Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA).	
	Note: Salaried employees for non-US respondents	
8.	Number of employees eligible for the services of this Reporting Unit that are	#
	located outside the host country of the reporting unit.	

DATA COLLECTION INSTRUMENT

I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

 \mathbf{E}

To ensure the comparability of the following data across organizations, please complete the following items using as a frame of reference the number of employees who are eligible for the services provided by your training unit. Remember that these figures should correspond to the statistics provided for the Reporting Unit in the Demographics section of the instrument.

N/A

REMINDER: Please use the following notations when appropriate.

	Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applicable	Information is not available
Inte	ernal Training			
1. a) Total number of internal employee to population for 1997. (This is not the number of internal employee to population for 1997. (This is not the number of internal employee to population for 1997. (This is not the number of internal employee to population for 1997.)				
	learning time. (Example: 5	employees i n a 3 day tra e in non-organization spon	ining course = 15 stu	ght. Please include self-paced dent training days.) Does <u>not</u> h as university-based programs
	b) Number of employees	eligible for the services of	f this Reporting Unit	#

UNA

Data Collection Instrument F	0	DT/A	TINIA
Ł	U	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

2. Internal Training Expenditure is the total gross expenditure (before adjustments) spent by your Reporting Unit (training organization) for all organization-sponsored training not defined under External Training Expenditure. Internal Training Expenditure includes (please complete a-g):

a.	Training Employees' Total Payroll Without Benefits	\$
		(millions)
b .	Training Employees' Travel Expenses	\$
		(millions)
<i>c</i> .	Training Facility Expenses	\$
		(millions)
d.	Course Materials Produced Internally	\$
		(millions)
e.	Information Systems	\$
		(millions)
f.	Catalogs and Internal Marketing	\$
		(millions)
g.	Total Internal Training Expenditure $(a + b + c + d + e + f)$	\$
J	7	(millions)

(In order for us to make certain calculations, you <u>must</u> provide a dollar amount for #2g (total internal training expenditure). We recognize that some organizations cannot separate out the internal training expenditure elements. If it is IMPOSSIBLE to provide individual dollar amounts, then only respond to #2g.)

Internal Training Expenditure does not include training services and products purchased from outside sources such as:

- Off-the-shelf or Customized Training Courses
- Outsourced Training Activities (e.g., needs analysis, course design)
- Contract Instructors and Speakers

Internal Training Expenditure does not include other training costs such as:

I.
I. Participant Travel Expenses
II. Participant Employee Wages/Benefits
III. Line-on-Loan or Rotational Employee
Wages or Benefits

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica	Information is not available
		ble	

IV.	Special training sessions or seminars	IX.	Grant programs in the training budget
	conducted or purchased by non-		for other than employees
	training functions within the	Χ.	Library and Information Sciences
orgai	nization	XI.	Capital Expenditures in Training
V.	Professional Conferences		Equipment
VI.	Tuition Reimbursement	XII.	Customer training sold as a product to
VII.	Community Programs (e.g., K-12		external customers
	improvement)		
VIII.	External Executive Development		

[Note: These distinct exclusions represent some of the specific categories used by private companies to identify/account for training expenditures.]

4 Data Collection Instrument E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available

3.	Please estimate the percentage of internal training expenditures for:	
	Exempt (from FLSA) employees	\$(millions
	Non-exempt (from FLSA) employees	\$(millions)

External Training

For purposes of comparison, external training costs have been divided into the three most common types: tuition reimbursement, externally provided executive development, contracted and/or customized training, and other external training. All four types represent training services and products that are purchased from outside sources. *Please do not include costs for attending conferences and seminars* . Refer to the definitions of each type for further clarification.

4.	Total external or	contracted ex	xpenditure for	1997 or re	eporting vear	for reporting	unit.

Note: Salaried employees for non-US respondents

a.	Tuition reimbursement.	\$(millions)
	Number of eligible employees.	#
	as university-based programs, less any refunds.	tance for non-organization sponsored programs,
b.	External executive development.	\$(millions)
	Number of eligible executives.	#
	Number of those who participated.	#

Data Collection Instrument Page 4

	sumate	spent	ble	avanable
and vision Leadershi	of current and potenti p). Such programs j	evelopment refers to cont al seni or executives (e.g., focus on responsibilities a ss units. Includes strategi	sending executives to and challenges for lead	the Center for Creative ding organization-wid
c.	Contracted a	nd/or customized training	g .	\$(millions
as well as delivery, e	all other outsourced evaluation, administi	stomozed training refers t I training activities (e.g., r ration). This excludes tu enter for Creative Leaders	needs analysis services ition reimbursement o	s, design, development
as well as delivery, e	all other outsourced evaluation, administi	l training activities (e.g., nation). This excludes tuenter for Creative Leaders	needs analysis services ition reimbursement o	s, design, development
as well as delivery, o developme	all other outsourced evaluation, administ ent programs (e.g., Co	l training activities (e.g., nation). This excludes tuenter for Creative Leaders	needs analysis services ition reimbursement o	s, design, development
as well as delivery, e developme d. Definition expenses, f example,	all other outsourced evaluation, administr ent programs (e.g., Co All other externa- for all trai ning and ea professional confere	l training activities (e.g., nation). This excludes tuenter for Creative Leaders	needs analysis services ition reimbursement of hip). presents all costs, excluterials obtained from the training budget for	s, design, development and external executiv (million luding travel and livin alternate providers (for other than employees)

0

No money

spent

N/A

Not

applica

UNA

Information is not

available

 \mathbf{E}

Represents an informed

estimate

6	Data Collection Instrument			
	${f E}$	0	N/A	UNA
	Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
	estimate	spent	applica	available
			ble	

5.	Total	direct training expenditure $(2g + 4e)$	\$	(millions)
6.	Other	expenditures		()
	a.	Total wages and salary without benefits for employees outside the training unit who provide training (includes line on loan and rotational staff). Calculate only for the time they spend providing training.	\$	(millions)
	b.	Participant wages and salary without benefits	\$_	(millions)
	c.	Participant travel expenses (if possible to estimate)	\$	(millions)

	${f E}$	0	N/A	UNA
	Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available
7.a.	Capital expense (investmen	nt) in training equipment for 19	97	\$(millions)
	This amount is: (choose or	ne)		
	o Unusually high	o Typical of annual investm	ent	o Unusually low
	materials, tools, and other s	d or invested in the current year upplies in support of training, e , new computer systems, softw	xcluding facili	ty improvements. Examples
7.b.		how much was invested in comp rchases using computer assisted o		0 ,
				\$(millions)

8 Data Collection Instrument			
E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

8. Please estimate the *percentage of total internal training dollars (amount from #2g) and total external training dollars (amount from #4e)* spent for the following course types.

<u>% Internal</u>	<u>%</u> External	Course Type
\$(#2g)	\$	
%	%	Basic Skills: Basic skills refers to development and/or remedial training fundamental to the workplace in courses such as literacy, reading comprehension, writing, math , English as a second language, and learning how to learn.
%	%	Technical Skills: Technical skills refers to job-specific training that focuses o n procedures, including the use of technology, to create products, deliver services, o r engage in process es. Typically provided to workers who use technology or machinery in their jobs.
%	%	Professional Skills: Professional skills refers to specialized knowledge and/o r application training to develop competence in disciplines such as accounting, engineering, manufacturing systems, computer science, information systems s management, optics, electronics, me chanics, materials science, chemistry, physics, legal, medical, financial services, banking, and consulting. Includes advanced compute r programming skills. Discipline and/or industry specific.
%	%	Customer Service: Customer service refers to training on how to maintain or improve customer relations. This includes the repair, upgrading, or maintenance of products as well as training for customer service telephone call center operators. Located a t customer site or service centers.

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

%	%	Executive Development: Executive development refers to programs to develop scope, leadership, and vision of current and potential senior executives. Such programs focus on responsibilities and challenges for leading organization-wide initiatives and/or major business units. Includes strategic planning, policy, and goal setting.
	%	Management/Supervisor Training: Management/supervisor training refers to training programs to improve the ability and effectiveness of managers and supervisors. Topics include human resource management, project and process management, and planning and budgeting.
%	%	Sales and Dealer Training: Sales and dealer refers to training provided to the sale s force, franchisees, and dealers to teach them about the products and services the y market and sell; how to demonstrate the effectiveness of their products and services; how to conduct their business; and to help them develop the attitudes, skills, and habits needed to influence the purchasing decisions of prospects and customers.
%	%	Compliance, Regulatory, or Mandatory Training: Compliance, regulatory, or mandatory training refers to instruction that is provided to meet Environmental Health and Safety requirements, Equal Employment Opportunity and Affirmative Action requirements, right-to-know, and government-mandated training.
%	%	Quality, Competition, and Other Business Practices: This training includes all Total Quality Management-type courses, business process reengineering, benchmarking, resource planning, team building, and business fundamentals (e.g., competition and business practices).
%	%	Computer Applications Training: Training in the use of computer software including off-the-shelf applications such as word processing, spreadsheets, databases, graphics, and communications, among others. Also includes training in company-specific software applications. Does not include advanced training in computer programming languages (see Professional Skills).

10 Data Collection Instrument	0	DT/A	TINIA
E	U	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

%	%	New Employee Orientation: New employee orientation is a program designed to provide new employees with complete and uniform information about the organization, its mission, organization, functions and policies, compensation, benefits, services, work requirements, standards, rules, safe work habits, and desirable employee-management relations.
%	%	Enabling Skills: This category includes such development initiatives as interpersonal communications and skills, teamwork, dive rsity workshops, personality awareness, and time management.
%	%	Other (please explain):
=100% External Training Dollars	=100% Internal Training Dollars	

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available

9. Pricing models and budgeting procedures for training vary widely among companies. To determine how training and education expenses get paid for by companies, please indicate what percentage of the budget for your training organization (amount in #5) comes from each of the following sources.

%	Special Project Allocation: Monies budgeted at the organization level for special training anticipated in the coming year. For example, a organization-wide re-engineering planned for the coming year will require that all employees have training. This training is considered part of an organization-wide special project and is funded separately from the normal training operating budget at the organization level.	
%	Training and Education Budget: Annual budget for the training function. Typical funding source in centralized organizations.	5
%	Tuition and Chargebacks: Fees charged by the training function to participants, often on a course-by-course basis.	l
%	Annual Business Unit Allocations : Annual budget for the training function allocated by the business $\text{unit}(s)$ it directly supports.	•

Other (please explain):

= 100% of Budget (amount in #5)

_ %

12 Data Collection Instrument E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica	Information is not available
	•	ble	

II. STAFFING AND ADMINISTRATION INFORMATION	
 a) How many full-time equivalent training staff members does your training organization employ? (Please respond for the same Reporting Unit.) (Excludes line-on-loan or rotational employees, temporary employees, contractors working on-site, and vendors.) 	#
b) Please estimate the p ercent of training staff's (from #10a above) total time spent performing the following activities.	
Developing strategy and training policy	%
Training needs assessment	%
Program administration	%
Administrative support	%
Technical support	%
Design and development	%
Delivery	%
Evaluation	%
Organizational development (OD)	%
Other:	%
	= 100%

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

- 11. Who else delivered organization-sponsored training to the employees in the division(s)/agency(ies) supported by your Reporting Unit? Check all that apply.
- o Employees of this division/agency
- o Employees from another of your company's divisions/agencies
- o Community colleges
- o Other educational institutions
- o Product suppliers
- o Other firms, including private training and consulting companies
- o Independent training consultants or contractors
- o Unions, trade, or professional organizations
- o Federal, state, or local government organizations
- o Other:

14 Data Collection Instrument E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available

12.	a) Approximately what percentage of all the activities performed by your training unit	are
perforn	ned by internal vs. contract staff?	

%	Internal Staff: Internal staff represents permanent full- and part-time employees of the
	member organization. Includes line-on-loan employees assigned to training positions .
	Excludes full- and part-time temporary employees, contractors working on-site, vendors.

=100% of training activities

b) What percentage of each activity is performed by internal vs. contract training staff?

Training Activity	% Internal Staff	% Contract Staff	Totals
Developing strategy and training policy	%	%	=100%
Training needs assessment	%	%	=100%
Program administration	%	%	=100%
Administrative support	%	%	=100%
Technical support	%	%	=100%
Design and development	%	%	=100%
Delivery	%	%	=100%
Evaluation	%	%	=100%
Organizational development (OD)	%	%	=100%
Other:	%	%	=100%

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica	Information is not available
		ble	

13. Please provide an approximate percentage of each function that is performed internally and the percentage that is outsourced.

Definition: Scheduling is the process of appointing dates and times for particular training course sessions.

Definition: Material distribution is the dissemination of training materials to participants and instructors prior to the training event.

Definition: Technical/performance support refers to maintenance and troubleshooting support with technology and software; includes such aspects as LAN administration, audio-visual technical support.

Definition: Planning and budgeting is the process of preparing strategies for conducting a particular training project and allocating funds to support that project.

Administrative Functions	This Reporting Unit	Outsourced	Totals
Scheduling/Registration			=100%
Printing			=100%
Material Distribution			=100%
Technical/Performance Support	%	%	=100%
Billing		%	=100%
Management Information System	%	%	=100%
Planning and Budgeting		%	=100%
Training Center Administration	%	%	=100%
Evaluation	%	%	=100%

16 Data Collection Instrument E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money	Not	Information is not available
estimate	spent	applica ble	avanabie

${f E}$	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

14. Use of training vendors is a growing trend in training. To provide information about issues surrounding vendor management, please rank the following criteria in the vendor selection process from Most Important (1) to Least Important (8). *Please use each number only once.*

Past experience with company
Fit of vendor characteristics with organization culture
Understanding of the work requirements
Quality of the project design
Qualifications of the firm and their staff
Match of vendor skill sets with project criteria
Fees
Gain access to world class capabilities
Increase the impact of training/learning
Increase operational efficiency of the training/learning function
Reduce operating costs
Resources not available internally
Other:

18 Data Collection Instrument			
E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

III. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE AND RELATIONSHIPS

15. Centralized and decentralized organizations operate differently, and a descriptive measure to classify training units along these lines is needed. How would you classify the following training activities within the training unit for which you are reporting?

Definition: Centralized - All or most training functions, including decision making authority, are concentrated and conducted in a principal location within the organization (i.e., main office or headquarters).

Definition: Decentralized - All or most training functions, including decision making authority, are performed at distributed sites throughout an organization (i.e., plant or local office).

Please give approximate percentages of activities across your training organization.

Training Activity	% Centralized	% Decentralized	Totals
Developing strategy and training policy	%		=100%
Training needs assessment	%		=100%
Program administration	%		=100%
Administrative support	%		=100%
Technical support	%		=100%
Design and development	%		=100%
Delivery	%		=100%
Evaluation	%		=100%
Organizational development (OD)	%		=100%
Other:	%		=100%
Other:	%		=100%

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

16. To provide an indication of how the training function ensures that its products serve the core business needs, please use the scale below to rate the extent to which each of the following is used to link training with business needs.

	1	2	3	4	5			6			
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Alw	ays	No	ot App	licable		
a.	Systema	tic training needs	s analysis			1	2	3	4	5	NA
b.	stakehol provide	ders (e.g., field n input to the mar	nanagers, job incu nagement of the tra	isory panel is a gro mbents, executives) aining process, inclu g the priority of tra	wh o	1	2	3	4	5	NA
c.	Assessmoobjective	_	mplications of spe	cific work unit goa	als o r1	2	3	4	5	NA	A
d.	Review o	of organization st	rategic initiatives			1	2	3	4	5	NA
e.	Formal organiza	-	ning process mar	naged by the tra	ninin g	1	2	3	4	5	NA
f.	Legislati requiren	~	t mandate (e.g., ce	rtification, licensing	ţ	1	2	3	4	5	NA
g.	Other: _					1	2	3	4	5	NA
h.	Other: _					1	2	3	4	5	NA

20 Data Collection Instrument			
E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

17. How often are the following used to initiate instruction or the design/development of training?

1	2	3	4			5			NA
Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequent	ly	A	lways		Not A	Applicable
a.	Field/line manager	s		1	2	3	4	5	NA
b.	Training account n	nanagers		1	2	3	4	5	NA
c.	Field-based trainin	g managers		1	2	3	4	5	NA
d.	Training needs ana	alysis reports		1	2	3	4	5	NA
e.	Training advisory	panels		1	2	3	4	5	NA
f.	Forecasts from bus	siness units		1	2	3	4	5	NA
g.	Individual (or emp (IDPs)	loyee) developmen	t plans	1	2	3	4	5	NA
h.	Changes in method	ls and procedures		1	2	3	4	5	NA
i.	New product intro	duction		1	2	3	4	5	NA
j.	Employee surveys			1	2	3	4	5	NA
k.	Human resource st	aff		1	2	3	4	5	NA
l.	Corporate officers/	business unit head	ls	1	2	3	4	5	NA
m.	Vendors/suppliers			1	2	3	4	5	NA

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica ble	available

n. Other: ______ 1 2 3 4 5 NA

22 Data Collection Instrument E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

18. To determine how your organization assesses the degree to which training meets customer needs, please rate the frequency with which each of the following methods is used for determining customer satisfaction.

1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	A	5 Always		Not Ap	NA oplicab	le
a.	Custom	er satisfaction surv	reys	1	2	3	4	5	NA
b.	Feedbac	ck from corporate o	officers	1	2	3	4	5	NA
c.		ck from field/line m supervisors	anagers	1	2	3	4	5	NA
d.	Student	evaluations		1	2	3	4	5	NA
e.	Program	n Sponsor		1	2	3	4	5	NA
f.	Other:			1	2	3	4	5	NA

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica	Information is not available
	•	ble	

IV. PRESENTATION METHODS

19. Please estimate the percentage of training, learning activities presented in the following methods.

Paper-based:	%
Electronic Text: the dissemination of text via electronic means	%
CBT: a general term used to describe any learning event that uses computers as the primary distribution method; typically used to refer primarily to text-based, computer-delivered training	
Multimedia: a computer application that uses any combination of text, graphics, audio, animation and/or full-motion video. Interactive multimedia enables the user to control various aspects of the training such as content sequence	%
Interactive TV: one-way video combined with two-way audio or other electronic response system	%
Teleconferencing: the instantaneous exchange of audio, video, or text between two or more or individuals or groups at two or more locations	%
On-Line Help: a computer application that provides On-Line assistance to employees	%
Groupware: an integrated computer application that supports collaborative group efforts through the sharing of calendars for project management and scheduling, collective document preparation, e-mail handling, shared	%

24 Data Collection Instrument			
E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

3D modeling / virtual reality: a computer application that provides an interactive, immersive, and three-dimensional learning experience through fully-functional, realistic models	%
Audio: one-way delivery of live or recorded sound	%
Video: one-way delivery of live or recorded full-motion pictures	%
Electronic Performance Support Systems (EPSS): an integrated computer application that uses any combination of expert systems, hypertext, embedded animation, and/or hypermedia to help a user to perform a task in real time quickly and with minimal of support by other people	%
Classroom (Instructor-led lecture): Classroom training that is lecture or discussion based. Also referred to as instructor-led. Does not include advanced technology, interactive classrooms, or electronic distance learning.	%
Advanced Technology/Interactive Classroom: An advanced technology/interactive classroom is an instructor-led classroom with some degree of automated facilities, including student response units.	%
	= 100%

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available

V. DISTRIBUTION METHODS

20. Please estimate the percentage of training, learning activities distributed by the following methods.

Cable TV: the transmission of television signals via cable technology	%
CD-ROM: a format and system for recording, storing, and retrieving electronic information on a compact disk that is read using an optical drive	%
Classroom:	%
Electronic mail (e-mail): the exchange of messages through computers	%
Extranet: a collaborative network that uses Internet technology to link organizations with their suppliers, customers, or other organizations that share common goals or information	%
Internet: a loose confederation of computer networks around the world that are connected through several primary networks	%
Intranet: a general term describing any network contained within an organization; used to refer primarily to networks that use Internet technology	%
Local area network (LAN): a network of computers sharing the resources of a single processor or server within a relatively small geographic area	%
Satellite TV: the transmission of television signals via satellites	%
Tactile Gear / Simulator: a device or system that replicates or imitates a real device or system	%

26 Data Collection Instrument	0	NI/A	TINIA
<u>r</u>	U	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

Voice mail: an automated, electronic telephone answering system	%
Wide area network (WAN): a network of computers sharing the resources of one or more processors or servers over a relatively large geographic area	%
World Wide Web: all the resources and users on the Internet using the Hypertext Transport Protocol (HTTP; a set of rules for exchanging files)	%
	= 100%

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available

VI. INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS

21. Please estimate the percentage of training, learning activities utilizing the following instructional methods.

Case Study: a technique for practicing problem solving, using a hypothetical scenario. It requires reading, study, analysis, discussion, and free exchange of ideas as well as decision making and the selling of decisions to others.	%
Demonstration: a basic instructional method where an operation or task is performed in front of a learner, thereby showing the learner what to do and how to do it.	%
Expert Panels: a group of experts, often with diverse opinions or positions, sharing their ideas with each other and with an audience.	%
Games: Contests and matches used in training to develop management skills, improve technical performance, foster cooperation and teamwork, and improve decision-making ability.	%
Group Discussion: two or more individuals considering a question in open and informal debate, in order to facilitate learning.	%
Lecture: A semiformal discourse in which a series of events, facts, concepts, or principles are presented to the learner. Learners participate mainly as listeners and questioners.	%
Practical Exercise: the opportunity to demonstrate skill proficiency, without the requirements of a graded test.	%

28 Data Collection Instrument			
\mathbf{E}	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

Programmed Instruction: "A method of self-instruction in which trainees work through a carefully sequenced and pre-tested series of steps leading to the acquisition of knowledge or skills representing the instructional objectives."	%
Reading: the acquisition of information in written form.	%
Role Play: an interactive method of instruction that involves the spontaneous dramatization of a situation by two or more individuals, for the purpose of practicing interpersonal skills within the context of the workplace.	%
Simulation: A technique that imitates operations and responses to problems and situations to test the ability of a person, system, or procedure to overcome obstacles and meet variations. Advanced simulations can create an artificial environment that closely emulates the actual workplace	%

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available

VII. DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

22. To compare the design and development capabilities among organizations, please indicate the percentage of courses your unit develops in-house and the percentage it purchases from vendors for the following presentation methods.

<u>Presentation methods</u>	<u>Develop</u> <u>in-house</u>	<u>Purchase</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Paper-based:	%	%	= 100%
Electronic Text: the dissemination of text via electronic means	%	%	= 100%
CBT: a general term used to describe any learning event that uses computers as the primary distribution method; typically used to refer primarily to text-based, computer-delivered training	%	%	= 100%
Multimedia: a computer application that uses any combination of text, graphics, audio, animation and/or full-motion video. Interactive multimedia enables the user to control various aspects of the training such as content sequence	%	%	= 100%
Interactive TV: one-way video combined with two- way audio or other electronic response system	%	%	= 100%
Teleconferencing: the instantaneous exchange of audio, video, or text between two or more or individuals or groups at two or more locations	%	%	= 100%

E	0	N/A		UNA	
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble		Information is not available	
On-Line Help: a computer application the On-Line assistance to employees	at provides		%	= 100%	
Groupware: an integrated computer appl supports collaborative group efforts throu sharing of calendars for project managem scheduling, collective document preparati handling, shared database access, electron and other activities	ugh the nent and on, e-mail	%	%	= 100%	
3D modeling / virtual reality: a computer that provides an interactive, immersive, a dimensional learning experience through functional, realistic models	nd three-	%	%	= 100%	
Audio: one-way delivery of live or record	ed sound	%	%	= 100%	
Video: one-way delivery of live or record motion pictures	ed full-	%	%	= 100%	

%

___ %

Classroom (Instructor-led lecture): Classroom training that is lecture or discussion based. Also referred to as instructor-led. Does not include advanced technology, interactive classrooms, or electronic distance learning.

Electronic Performance Support Systems (EPSS): an

combination of expert systems, hypertext, embedded animation, and/or hypermedia to help a user to perform a task in real time quickly and with minimal

integrated computer application that uses any

of support by other people

30 Data Collection Instrument

%

= 100%

= 100%

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available

Advanced Technology/Interactive Classroom: An advanced technology/interactive classroom is an instructor-led classroom with some degree of automated facilities, including student response units.

_____%

= 100%

_____%

32 Data Collection Instrument			
E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

VIII. MEASUREMENT AND EVALUATION

23.		As a reflection of your training unit's philosophy toward demonstrating the ing, please estimate the percentage of courses/interventions that are evaluated ving methods.	
		Level 1 (Assessment of partici pant reaction immediately following course)	%
		Level 2 (Administration of tests immediately before and immediately after course to assess participant learning)	%
		Level 3 (Measurement of long-te $$ rm behavior change on the job as a result of training)	%
		Level 4 ($\underline{Rigorous}$ and quantitative assessment of long-term and broad -based impact of training on the organization ROI, profits, sales, safety)	%
		Testimonials	%
		Focus groups	%
		Customer satisfaction surveys	%
	b)	What other methods of evaluating training, learning, or performar improvement are <i>commonly</i> used by this Reporting Unit (e.g. participant for return-on-expectation)?	
		1,	
		2	

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available

IX. PERFORMANCE PRACTICES

0

- 24. Which of the following work practices are used by all or part of the organization supported by your Reporting Unit? *Check all that apply*
 - o Job Rotation or Cross Training: programs in which employees are trained to do multiple jobs, or employees rotate among different jobs.
 - o Quality Circles or Problem Solving Teams: groups of employees that meet regularly to come up with solutions to problems concerning people and productivity.
 - o Self-Directed Work Teams: groups of employees with complete responsibility for the quality and quantity of their outputs. Self-directed work teams may have responsibility for work schedules, performance appraisals, personnel management, budgeting, or setting performance targets and production quotas.
 - Total Quality Management (TQM): an integrated approach to organizational improvement and increasing production and service quality whose core ideas include doing things right the first time, striving for continuous improvement, and a devotion to understanding and meeting customer needs.
 - o Employee Access to Key Business Information: an organizational policy in which all employees are given access to certain financial and market information about the competitive position of the firm.
 - o Employee Involvement with Management in Business Decisions: an organizational policy in which non-management employees have a say in decisions including equipment purchases, market strategy, and management initiatives which affect the firm.

34 Data Collection Instrument			
E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

- 25. Which of the following employee compensation systems are used by all or part of the organization supported by your Reporting Unit? *Check all that apply*
- o Profit Sharing or Gain Sharing: plans under which the company credits shares of company *profits or growth* to participating employees. The amount may be available immediately or at retirement.
- o Employee Stock Ownership Plan: plans under which the company credits shares of company *stock* to participating employees. The amount may be available immediately or at retirement.
- o Group or Team Based Compensation: an alternative pay system in which employees receive all or a portion of compensation depending on the performance of their particular team or work unit.
- o Incentive Compensation: an alternative pay system in which employees receive all or a portion of compensation depending on their own performance. Examples of incentive compensation systems include piece-rates and sales commissions.
- o Knowledge or Skill Based Pay: an alternative pay system where compensation is linked to the mastery of certain skills or work-related information, rather than employee position or length of tenure.

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica	Information is not available
		ble	

- 26. Which of the following practices or programs are entirely or partially in place within the organization supported by your Reporting Unit? *Check all that apply*
- o Mandatory Annual Training Time: an organizational policy stating a minimum requirement for the amount of training which certain employees must receive in a given year.
- o Training Resource Center: a designated area within an establishment where training personnel, materials, and information are located.
- o Train-the-Trainer Courses: training courses which teach non-traditional training staff members such as managers, subject matter experts, team leaders, and others training skills such as instructional design and group facilitation to enable them to deliver formal training to other establishment employees.
- o Line-on-Loan or Rotational Training Staff: a formal process in which nontraining personnel are assigned training duties such as instruction or course design on a temporary basis.
- o Employer-Supported Conference Attendance: paid time-off or payment of employee travel, hotel, fees, and other expenses for employees attending an off-site conference or training class.
- o Mentoring or Coaching Programs: a formal process in which more experienced workers are matched with less experienced employees to provide assistance and instruction *on an as needed basis*.
- o Employee Apprenticeship Training: a formal process whereby employees learn their jobs through a combination of classroom instruction and on-the-job training from a skilled expert.
- o Student Apprenticeship Training: a formal process whereby students are introduced to a trade or job through a combination of classroom instruction and onthe-job training from a skilled expert.

36 Data Collection Instrument			
E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

- 27. Which of the following human performance management practices are used entirely or partially within the organization supported by your Reporting Unit? *Check all that apply*
- o Annual Performance Reviews: a systematic, periodic review and analysis of an employee's job performance by a superior to compare that performance to a set of predetermined standards, identify strengths and weaknesses, and develop a plan to improve the employee's performance.
- o Individual Development Plans: a specific course of action designed jointly by an employee and a supervisor to outline the employee's career development objectives, and associated training needs.
- o Peer review of Performance or 360 Feedback Systems: a performance appraisal system in which employees' work performance is evaluated (at least in part) by co-workers.
- o Skill Certification: a formal process used to ascertain and distinguish the mastery for a set of skills according to predefined standards. May be linked either to a particular occupation or trade, or a particular job or process.
- o Documentation of Individual Competencies: a formal record of the knowledge, skills and abilities of an organizations' employees in key, pre-defined areas.
- o Training Information System: a computer-based system for assessing, tracking, and improving employee performance. Systems may include employee training history reports, training course scheduling and registration, individual development plans, and training expenditure tracking.

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica ble	available

X. STAFF COMPETENCIES

28. To determine how companies assess and ensure staff competencies, please use the following scale to rate the extent to which you use the following criteria to ensure the competency/quality of your training professionals.

	1	2	3	4		5			NA	
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently		Alway	'S	Not A	pplical	ole
a)	General	ist								
	Certific	ation Standards			1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Perforn	nance Appraisal			1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Project	Reviews			1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Level 1	Evaluation Results			1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Level 2	Evaluation Results			1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Level 3	Evaluation Results			1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Manage	ement Evaluation			1	2	3	4	5	NA
b)	Instruct	ors								
	Certific	ation Standards			1	2	3	4	5	NA

38 Dat	ta Collection Instrument E	0	N	/A			UNA	
	Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble			Information is not available		
	Performance Appraisal		1	2	3	4	5	NA
			1	2	3	4	5	NA NA
	Project Reviews							
	Level 1 Evaluation Results		1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Management Evaluation		1	2	3	4	5	NA
c)	Designer/Developers							
	Certification Standards		1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Performance Appraisal		1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Project Reviews		1	2	3	4	5	NA
	Level 1 Evaluation Results		1	2	3	4	5	NA
d)	Employee Qualification Program	ns						
•	ou have a specific training program fy" specific groups of employees?	to "qualify" or						
Yes_	No							
If yes,	, how many emloyees participate in	the program?						
If yes, v	what percentage of participating en	nployees have met "ce	ertification"	' standa	ards?			

E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed estimate	No money spent	Not applica ble	Information is not available

XI. INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

- 29. In order to compare the features of Information Management Systems and to track trends in those companies that maintain training administration systems, please indicate which types of functional capabilities your training information system includes.
 - a) This Reporting Unit has an Information Management System?
 - o Yes (respond below)
- o No (skip #29b)
- b) If yes, what functional capabilities does your training information system include (check all that apply):
 - o On-line registration/enrollment
 - o On-line catalog
 - o On-line schedule
 - o Employee training history reports
 - o Individual development plans: Individual development plans are a component of succession planning used in employee career planning. An action plan used to prepare the employee with the knowledge, skills, and experience to perform competently and advance.
 - o Staff productivity measures
 - o Ad hoc reports
 - o Business unit training investment reports
 - o Evaluations and information from surveys
 - o Financial/Budget information

COMMENTS ON THE SURVEY:

40 Data Collection Instrument E	0	N/A	UNA
Represents an informed	No money	Not	Information is not
estimate	spent	applica	available
		ble	

Strengths -	
Weaknesses -	
Time in hours needed to complete:	 hours

PLEASE PROVIDE A COPY TO HR-31 BY APRIL 23, 1998

Any Questions?

Robert G. Joyce (HR-31, 950 Building/Room 710 U. S. Department of Energy 1000 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20585-0702 202-426-1539/FAX 1480 robert.joyce@hq.doe.gov